**INTRODUCTION**

Software testing is a critical element of software quality assurance and represents the ultimate review of specification, design and coding. In fact, testing is the one step in the software engineering process that could be viewed as destructive rather than constructive.

A strategy for software testing integrates software test case design methods into a well-planned series of steps that result in the successful construction of software. Testing is the set of activities that can be planned in advance and conducted systematically. The underlying motivation of program testing is to affirm software quality with methods that can economically and effectively apply to both strategic to both large and small-scale systems.

**STRATEGIC APPROACH TO SOFTWARE TESTING**

The software engineering process can be viewed as a spiral. Initially system engineering defines the role of software and leads to software requirement analysis where the information domain, functions, behavior, performance, constraints and validation criteria for software are established. Moving inward along the spiral, we come to design and finally to coding. To develop computer software we spiral in along streamlines that decrease the level of abstraction on each turn.

A strategy for software testing may also be viewed in the context of the spiral. Unit testing begins at the vertex of the spiral and concentrates on each unit of the software as implemented in source code. Testing progress by moving outward along the spiral to integration testing, where the focus is on the design and the construction of the software architecture. Talking another turn on outward on the spiral we encounter validation testing where requirements established as part of software requirements analysis are validated against the software that has been constructed. Finally we arrive at system testing, where the software and other system elements are tested as a whole.

UNIT TESTING

MODULE TESTING

SUB-SYSTEM TESING

SYSTEM TESTING

ACCEPTANCE TESTING

Component Testing

Integration Testing

User Testing

**UNIT TESTING**

Unit testing focuses verification effort on the smallest unit of software design, the module. The unit testing we have is white box oriented and some modules the steps are conducted in parallel.

**1. WHITE BOX TESTING**

This type of testing ensures that

* All independent paths have been exercised at least once
* All logical decisions have been exercised on their true and false sides
* All loops are executed at their boundaries and within their operational bounds
* All internal data structures have been exercised to assure their validity.

To follow the concept of white box testing we have tested each form .we have created independently to verify that Data flow is correct, All conditions are exercised to check their validity, All loops are executed on their boundaries.

**2. BASIC PATH TESTING**

Established technique of flow graph with Cyclomatic complexity was used to derive test cases for all the functions. The main steps in deriving test cases were:

Use the design of the code and draw correspondent flow graph.

Determine the Cyclomatic complexity of resultant flow graph, using formula:

V(G)=E-N+2 or

V(G)=P+1 or

V(G)=Number Of Regions

Where V(G) is Cyclomatic complexity,

E is the number of edges,

N is the number of flow graph nodes,

P is the number of predicate nodes.

Determine the basis of set of linearly independent paths.

**3. CONDITIONAL TESTING**

In this part of the testing each of the conditions were tested to both true and false aspects. And all the resulting paths were tested. So that each path that may be generate on particular condition is traced to uncover any possible errors.

**4. DATA FLOW TESTING**

This type of testing selects the path of the program according to the location of definition and use of variables. This kind of testing was used only when some local variable were declared. The *definition-use chain* method was used in this type of testing. These were particularly useful in nested statements.

**5. LOOP TESTING**

In this type of testing all the loops are tested to all the limits possible. The following exercise was adopted for all loops:

All the loops were tested at their limits, just above them and just below them.

All the loops were skipped at least once.

For nested loops test the inner most loop first and then work outwards.

For concatenated loops the values of dependent loops were set with the help of connected loop.

Unstructured loops were resolved into nested loops or concatenated loops and tested as above.

Each unit has been separately tested by the development team itself and all the input have been validated.

**TEST CASES**

# Test Case 1 – Login

**Test 1:**

* Incorrect input: An empty requirement field. (user name and password)
* Pass criteria: An appropriate error message should be displayed and the user shouldn’t be allowed to login.
* Correct input: Right user name and password.
* Pass criteria: The user should be directed to the secure web page which the user is requested.

**Test 2:**

* Incorrect input: Wrong user name and/or wrong password.
* Pass criteria: The user shouldn’t be allowed to login to the system and an appropriate error message should be displayed.
* Correct input: Right user name and password.
* Pass criteria: The user should be login to the system and directing to the requested secure web page.

# Test Case 2 – New User Register

* Incorrect input: An empty requirement field. (first name, last name, middle name, Photo, address, Date Of Birth, phone number, user name, password, e-mail address)
* Pass criteria: An appropriate error message should be displayed and the user shouldn’t be allowed to create an account.
* Correct input: Fill in all requirement fields in correct format.
* Pass criteria: The user information should be added into the database.

# Test Case 3 – Generate Report (Customer)

**Test 1:**

* Incorrect input: An empty requirement field. (Select Date)
* Pass criteria: An appropriate error message should be displayed and the user should not be able to generate a report.
* Correct input: Enter(Select) Correct Date
* Pass criteria: The user (admin) should be allowed to generate the report.